



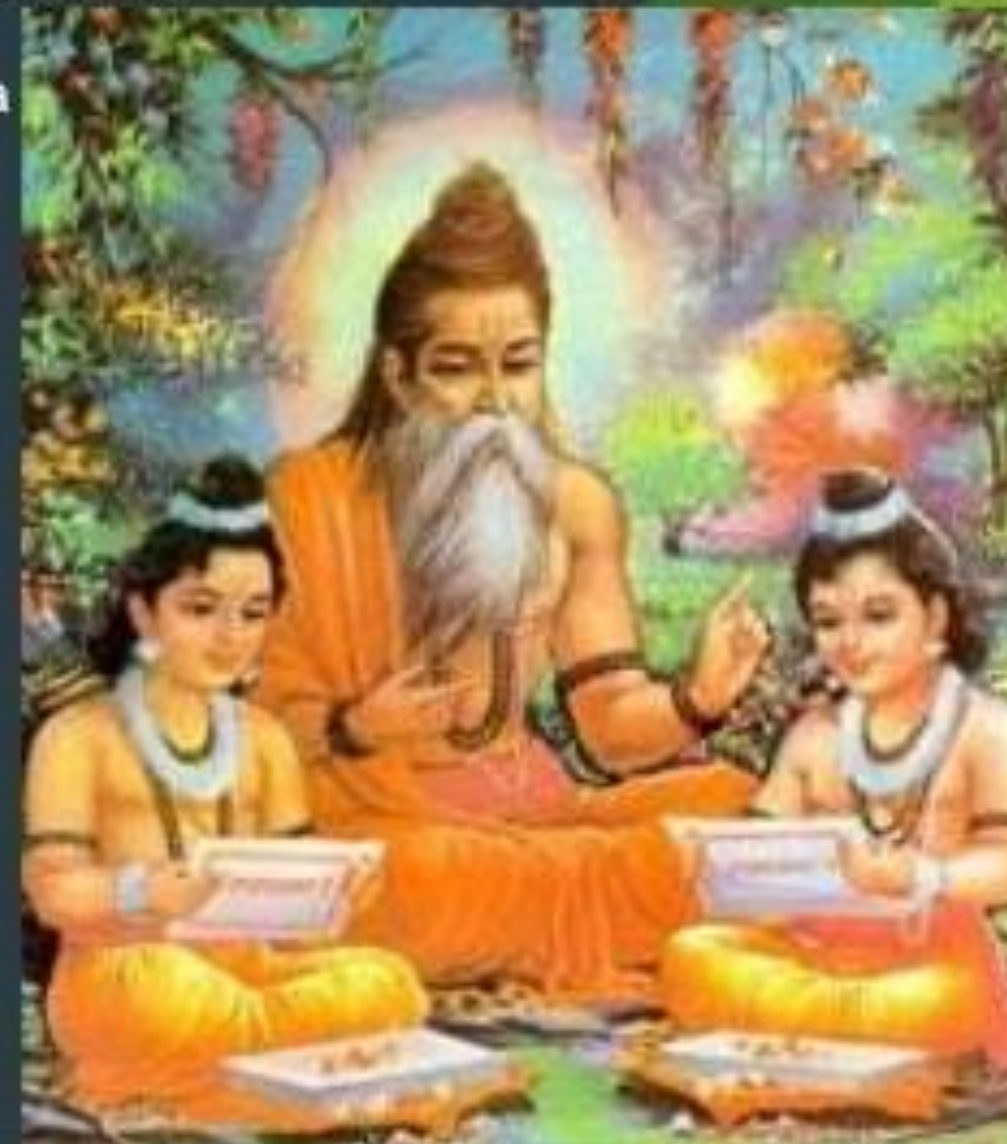
**GRADE-VI
HISTORY
CHAPTER-5
THE AGE OF THE VEDAS**

The Vedas

- A collection of poems, hymns, myths, and rituals that were written by Aryan priests. They describe Aryan religious beliefs and daily life.
- Originally memorized by Aryan priests, the Vedas were later written down in Sanskrit, the language of ancient India
- There are four Vedas
 - Rig Veda (The oldest and most sacred of the Vedas)
 - Yajur Veda
 - Sama Veda
 - Atharva Veda

INTRODUCTION TO VEDAS

- Composed scriptures in India between about 1500 and 1000 BC
- Vedism is the oldest stratum of religious activity in India
- Existence with written materials
- Major traditions that shaped Hinduism
- Vedas are timeless and have universal application
- Vedic culture - based on Vedic scriptures called Vedas
- “Veda” means “Knowledge”
- Eternal Knowledge - No Beginning No Ending
- Sanskrit was the language of Vedic civilization

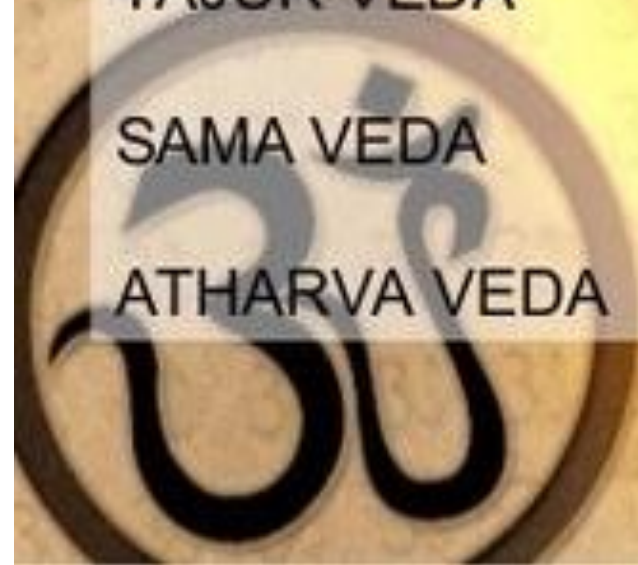


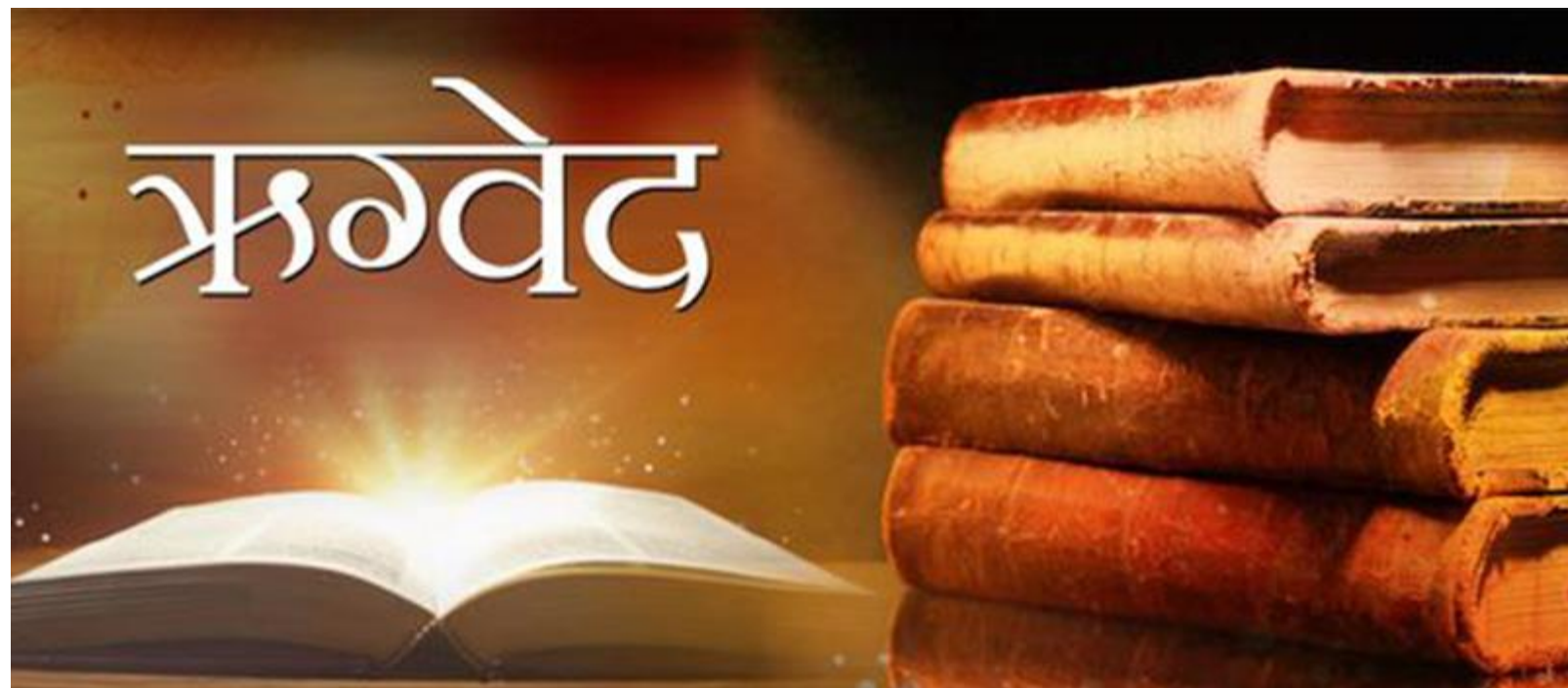
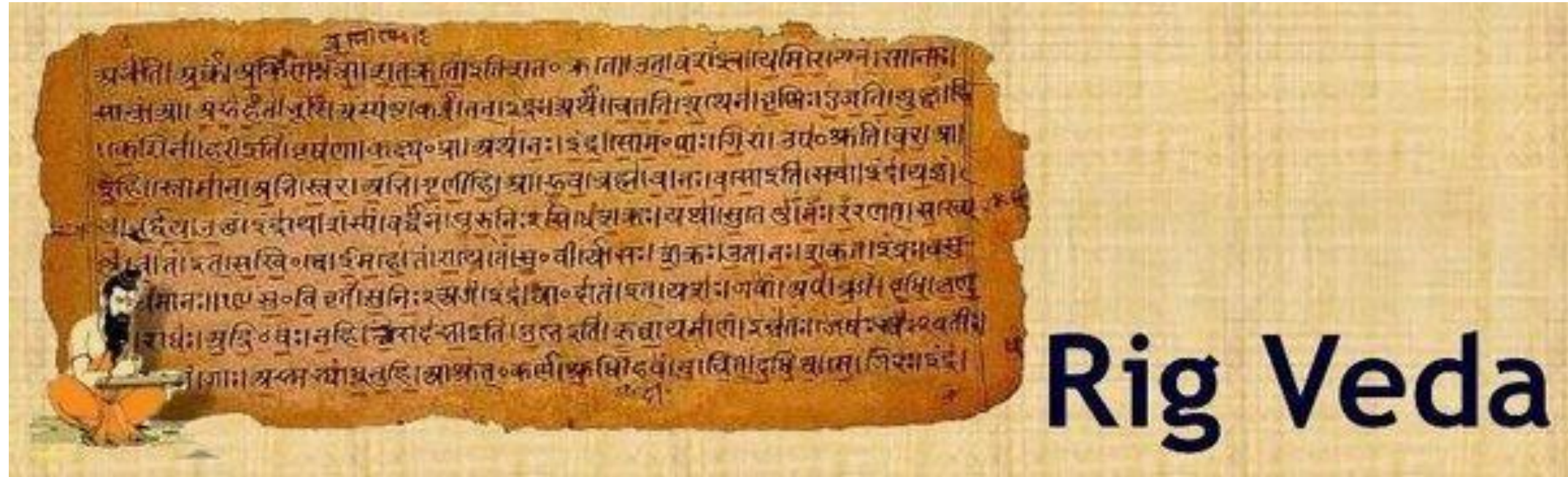
Vedas



There are four Vedas
They are the main source of all Hindu
knowledge and spiritual teachings.

RIG VEDA	10,589 VERSES	deals with knowledge or JYANA
YAJUR VEDA	1,975 VERSES	deals with the concept of KARMA
SAMA VEDA	1,875 VERSES	deals with the practice of BHAKTI
ATHARVA VEDA	5,977 VERSES	deals with the various sciences





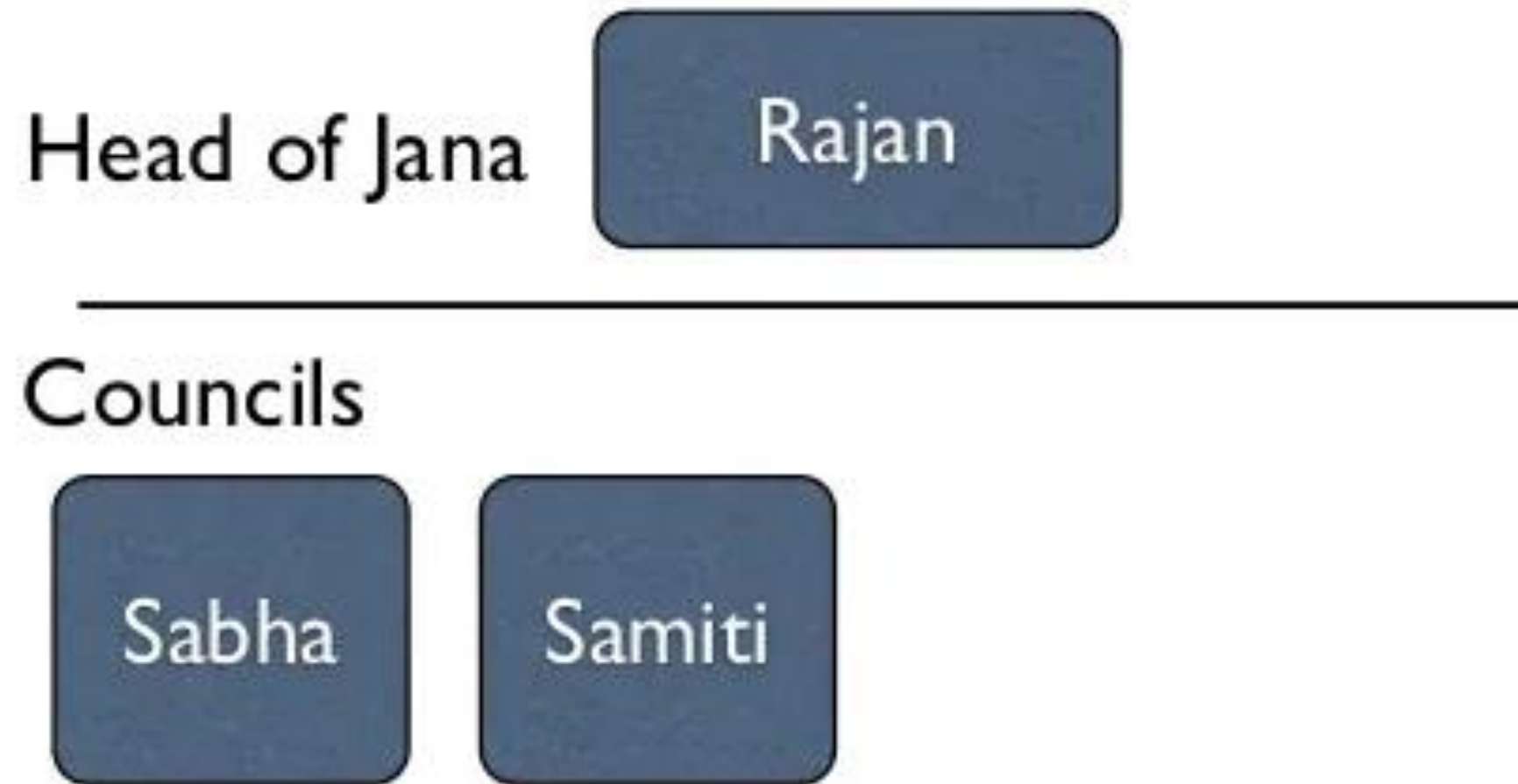
**OLDEST VEDA
3,500 YEARS AGO
1028 HYMNS
PRAISE OF INDRA,
AGNI, VARUN**

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOURCES OF RIGVEDA



BLACK AND RED WARE

Administration during Vedic Era



Rigveda indicates that fermentation technology took its first step in connection with the preparation of Soma juice in India. Soma is an invigorating plant product generally prepared by squeezing juice from plants. (Soma could be similar to Red Wine in color)

There is also another drink, known as Sura (wine/beer), prepared by fermentation.

Dasas/Dasyus were a group of people who were different from Aryans (people who composed hymns).

They also spoke a different language. Most of the dasas were enslaved and so the term 'dasa' (and the feminine dasi) came to mean slave.

These were women and men who were often captured in war and were treated as the property of their owners.



A Special burrial at Inamgaon

It is a site on the river ghod a tributary of the river Bhima. Here adults were Burried in the ground sometimes burried were within the houses . vessels with food and water were placed with the dead.

One Burrial vessels with four legged clay jar was found in the court yard of a five roomed houses.





OVAL SHAPED PITS



OVAL SHAPED PITS





POTTERY AND STONE TOOLS



ARTEFACTS OF COPPER



TERRACOTA BEADS



TERRACOTA FIGURES



CIRCULAR HUTS



© Roberto Pazzi/ HotSpot Media







Graves indicating megaliths position in the tribe



REFERENCES:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-LYioyRKZT0&t=26s>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y8-q1ufoYSY&t=19s>

